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Editorial Correspondence.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 24, 1858.
To-day the Senate passed a resolution by a vote of 27 to 22—two Senators refusing to vote—that Bright and Fitch were not United States Senators from Indiana, and that their pretended election was illegal, unconstitutional and therefore void. The same resolution was offered in the House and would undoubtedly have passed, but on roll call it was found there were but 95 members present, and it was thought best to adjourn until the House was full. There is unquestionably a majority in both Houses of the opinion that these pretended Senators should be ousted of their seats, and that this Legislature should elect other Senators in their stead. In all probability the election will be made by a concurrent vote of both Houses, and not by joint Convention. The time-honored custom of the State has been to select all such officers by a joint Convention and I would be glad to see this Legislature adhere to this custom. In the absence of any law pointing out the manner of the election, I presume, however, either way is legal, so that it is a fair expression of the legislative will.

It is agreed that the Opposition will elect as their man, Col. H. S. Lane, the anti Leconte Democrat claiming the other, it is thought they will either run John G. Davis or Judge McCarty—the Judges' chances at this time being rather the better.

Both Houses have adjourned until Friday, so that the members—and particularly the Democratic portion—may have time to keep Thanksgiving.

Sir Philip Sidney.

The reign of the virgin Queen Elizabeth, stands up before the mind, like the sturdy totem of some old Doric temple, around whose spacious walls, hang pictures of rare beauty, and in whose niches, stand pieces of wonderful statuary, which we pause to gaze upon in admiration—but dare not hope to imitate. We can only, like the great Volney, moralize upon the ruins. This boasted era in English literature, corresponds to those of Pericles in Athens, Augustus in Rome, and Louis XIV. in France. It is the culminating point in the history of English letters. I have not time, to mention all the lights, which, shining in concord, so grandly irradiated this brilliant time. Then Bacon lived, the Father of philosophy. Then Spenser lived, the Rubens of English poetry. Essex and Raleigh too, belong to this time, both "rich in high thoughts seated in hearts of courtesy." Among a host of poets, dramatists, courtiers, and statesmen, blazons like stars.

"Above the smoke, and din, of this dim spot
Which men call earth."

The fame of Sidney gleams. That Sidney, whom Cowper calls

"The swiftest of poetic pen."

He was—

"The courtier, soldier, scholar's eye, tongue, sword,
The temperance, and ease of the fair state,
The glances of vision, and the mild of love,
The clearness of all observers."

Sidney, in his English Literature, calls Sidney "A most complete embodiment of all the graces, and virtues, which can adorn or ennoble humanity, the Bayard and Petrarch of English history, a name to which every Briton looks back, with pride, admiration, and regret." Elizabeth would not allow him to mount the throne of Poland, for, she could not part away "the jewel of her court." And was he not indeed a gem? High born, handsome, brave, and wise. Learned, and a patron of learning. Generous, pitying, loving, and beloved. He came forth, dazzling and splendid, like a meteor at midnight, rivalled that star which bright in brightness, and was gone, leaving a trail of glory in his wake. And most glorious was the setting of this luminary. The flight of Zephirus is made holy by the dying words of Sidney—words of pity, which are without a parallel in ancient, or modern times.

"This man's necessity is greater than mine," faintly whispered the hero's pallid lips—while the same hand which wrote the Arcadia, and wrote a melody sweeter than the poet of Argos, motioned the life giving cup, to the lips of a dying fellow soldier. Of his works, it were almost useless to speak. The greatest monument his mind has left us, is his Arcadia. The Arcadia, which was the rude mosaic of Shirley, Beaumont and Fletcher, which enraptured Walter, and Cowley—from which the beam stole their phrases and fine sayings—and from which, also, "the sweet Will Shakespeare" has not declined to borrow scenes, pictures, and diction. Who has not read the Arcadia, of that superb Italian time? Who has not wandered, amid the sweet luxuriance of golden words, pluck'd from the "red-bellied volume" of Sidney's heroic heart? How pictorial was his pen—how softly flowed that poetry, of which he was master. Is there not a feminine delicacy in this magnanimous hero, who has shivered his lance against the greatest knights, and whom every manly trait adorned? Fearful, and war-like he is, upon his fiery charger—but how changed, in his lulling hours, in the sweet luxuriance of summer gardens, and in the green solitudes of the forest, he is so much loves! His mind was like that gallery which Byron has beautifully described:

"There, roses Carlo Dora, de Titten,
Or mider group of average Salvator;
There, danc'd Albano's boys, and here the same show,
With Venice's open lighter, and there the stones
Of marble, and, as Spenser's tale told
Riobard, with all the blood of all the sainted,
There, sweetly spread a landscape of Lorraine;
There Rembrandt made his darkness equal light,
Or gloomy Canova's gleaming statue,
Broaden'd o'er some lion, and some Amazon."

YETTERABLE.—Mr. Daniel Webb, of Providence Conference, is the oldest efficient Methodist preacher in the world. He has been more than thirty years in the ministry.

THE EXPENSE OF THE WAR has been thus far \$5,132,000, as made by the Quarter Master's department.

Legislative.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 24.
In the Senate, the subject of Newspapers was discussed, and was finally disposed of by taking three copies each, of the city dailies and weeklies, for each member.

Mr. McLean offered a resolution, that the President appoint the standing committees.

Mr. Craven moved to amend, that the Senate name the committees.

Mr. Slack moved to lay the amendment on the table. Lost.

Tarkington introduced a bill for appropriation of real estate.

Mr. Wallace—a bill in relation to divorce.

Afternoon. The House adjourned without action, taking back the W. & E. Canal was concurred in unanimously.

Summily bills were introduced, among them one to regulate and restrain the sale of spirituous liquors, and one to provide for and secure the rights of married women in property.

In the House, a resolution declaring it impracticable and inexpedient to levy a tax for the year 1858, was on motion of Mr. Edwards, laid on the table.

Samuel Osburn was announced, as being authorized by the Governor, to make executive communications to the House.

The reports of the Secretary, Treasurer and Auditor of State, were laid before the House.

A resolution to fix December 1st as the day of final adjournment, was laid on the table.

A committee of three was appointed to purchase stationery and audit stationary accounts.

The committee consists of Branham, Hunter and Turpin.

The sinking fund committee was instructed to inquire into the condition of that fund and report what legislation, if any, is necessary for its security.

Mr. Duval offered a preamble and resolution that no legislation be done at this session, except that to make provision for raising money to pay the interest on the State debt, and to carry on the government.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 24.
In the Senate, after a resolution to print 500 copies of each document accompanying the Governor's Message, Mr. Stephens offered a resolution to administer an oath to every appointee of the Senate to protect all property of the State about the Capitol.

Sundry bills were introduced, one by Mr. Tarkington, to prohibit unseal paper currency, and the making and issuing of the same.

Mr. Wallace's divorce bill was referred to a committee of five.

The resolution to not enter into general legislation at this extra session, offered by Mr. Wallace on Monday, was taken up, when Mr. Anthony offered an amendment that the Legislature will do what ever else the dignity of itself or the interests of the State may require, which, after a spirited discussion by Hoffman, Steele and Wallace, was adopted by consent.

A motion to reconsider was lost.

In the afternoon, a resolution was adopted, by a vote of 26 to 22, declaring the pretended election of Bright and Fitch, illegal, unconstitutional and void, and that the State of Indiana is not legally or constitutionally represented in the U. S. Senate.

Mr. Wallace introduced a preamble and resolutions condemnatory of the course pursued by Bright and Fitch upon the Leconte question, and instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to use their influence for the admission of Kansas when ever the people of that territory demand it, and if necessary to repeal the English bill—and endorsing the principle of popular sovereignty.

After the introduction of a resolution requiring all Senators to vote, and one looking to the settlement of the contest in the case of Miller and Shrock—the Senate adjourned till Friday.

HOUSE—Nov. 24—House met, at 9 o'clock.
The following bills were introduced:

To provide for the January interest on the State debt, by appropriating the proceeds of the State interest in the State Bank.

To raise a revenue for State purposes for 1858.

To amend the divorce law.

Mr. Lewis offered a resolution recommending the erection of a house of refuge instead of a new prison.

AFTERNOON SESSION—2 P. M.—The special order being the consideration of the Governor's Message, in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Edwards, in the chair, sundry resolutions were adopted, which were concurred in by the House, making appropriate reference of the several subjects contained in the message.

A resolution was in reduced discussing the election of Messrs. Bright and Fitch, pending the consideration of which the House adjourned over the day of Thanksgiving, to Friday morning.

IF Hiram Powers, the American sculptor, has just received, through Messrs. Peabody & Everett, of London, a Government order for two statues, one of Dr. Franklin, and one of Thomas Jefferson, at \$10,000 each. This will prevent his visiting Cincinnati, his old home, at present, as he has proposed.

IF Mrs. Susan McClung, mother of the celebrated Col. McClung, of Mississippi, died at Nashville, Ky., on the 21st inst.

She was the daughter of Col. Thos. Marshall of Revolutionary memory, and sister of the distinguished John Marshall, Chief Justice of the United States.

IF Hon. R. B. Rhett, of S. C., has made a speech in reply to Hammond, urging respect to the usurpation of the General Government, and hopes he will live to witness a session of the South.

We hope he will live to be hanged for it, tempting it.

SENATOR HAMMOND.—Prentice says he is waiting to see if the South Carolinians won't hang Senator Hammond, as no one else has dared to give Leconte such a kick, on the south side of Mason & Dixon's line.

Dr. Hall on Bathing.

We find the following in Dr. Hall's Journal of Health:

Once a week is often enough for a decent white man to wash himself all over; and whether in summer or winter that ought to be done with soap, warm water, and a hog's hair brush, in a room showing at least seventy degrees Fahrenheit.

Bath should be taken early in the morning, for it is then that the system possesses the power of reaction in the highest degree. Any kind of bath is dangerous soon after a meal, or fatiguing exercise. No man or woman should take a bath at the close of the day, unless by the advice of a physician. Many a man, in attempting to cheat his physician out of a fee, has cheated himself out of his life; as it is done every day.

The best, cheapest, safest, and most universally accessible mode of keeping the surface of the body clean, besides the once a week washing with soap, warm water, and hog's hair brush, is as follows:

As soon as you get out of bed in the morning, wash your face, hands, neck, and breast; then in the same basin of water, put your feet at once for about a minute, rubbing them briskly all the time, then with the towel, which has been dampened by wiping the face, feet etc., wipe the whole body well, fasten a handkerchief, breast projecting. Let the whole thing be done within five minutes.

ANOTHER MIRACLE.—It is recounted that a deaf and dumb child of sixteen, a native of Sicily, near Dinan, in Brittany, has seen the Virgin, who appeared to him basking in beauty and surrounded by stars. The celestial visitor opened the conversation by asking his age, to which inquiry he replied "I don't know." She then told him, and proceeded to recount the whole history of his life, and a variety of other circumstances within his knowledge; she concluded by saying, "hereafter you shall speak like any other person; meet me again to-morrow night and I will tell you some wonderful things." The boy came faithfully to the tryst, and the Virgin then pointed out to him three mysterious letters in the oil of the comet, and explained that they symbolized prophecies of events to come. He is not, however, at liberty to make known the things that were told him until the expiration of a year from the date of the vision. The boy now speaks and hears perfectly well. Such is the story which, according to the *Union Magazine* at Dinanville, the natives of the villages are ready to prove upon the hide of any skeptic.

THE following form the State Sentinel of Friday is a specimen of sharp practice, not by any means peculiar to Indianapolis:

One of the stock company, at the Metropolitan, called at Mori's clothing store, and after cheapening some shirts, &c., to the lowest cash price, had them wrapped up, and told the clerk that he had made arrangements with Mr. Moritz to pay for them Tuesday next. Mr. Moritz says that at no such arrangement was made with him, and he sent his clerk to the Palmer House, where the gentleman boards, with orders to get either the money or the goods. The clerk delivered his message politely, and was met by reproaches and abuse. The violent language used, was all on the part of the disciple of Thespis. He placed himself in a belligerent attitude, tore up the cards, and became suddenly metamorphosed into a tragedian of the first water, edifying the numerous guests of the house, congregated in the reception room, quite as much of the stage as he was ever known to do on it.

A whole-barrow bet was made on the New York election, somewhat in imitation of the famous Major Power wager. Two parties in Batavia deposited their respective checks for \$50, and then agreed to huck a two-horse wagon load of corn jointly, at a specified point, the party losing to forfeit said amount of money and wheel in a whole-barrow all of said corn to the house of the other. The *Batavia Herald* mentions that the party betting on Parker has already commenced wheeling the corn as per agreement, while the other party is still in the receipt room, quite as much of the stage as he was ever known to do on it.

WHO HUGGED SUSAN?—A few evenings since the daughter of a lady who keeps a boarding house, not a hundred miles from Fourth street, was accompanied to and from Wood's Theatre, by a young gentleman, who left her at the front door, as it was late. Now about this time the boarders had concluded to help themselves to some pies; and depicted one of their number to proceed to the pantry in quest of them. Mark what followed—the gay young Lothario going softly down stairs in the dark, met Miss Susan coming up and it is supposed mistook her for one of the Abigail. At any rate he commenced hugging and ravishing her of sweet kisses. "Murder! Help! Fire!" screamed poor Susan, whereupon the gay Lothario fled, and the prevailing question in the house now is, "Who hugged Susan?"—*Missouri Democrat.*

"EGYPT" as the Ninth Congressional district of Illinois, is called, gave 120.0 democratic majority, at the late election. The republicans polled about 2,000 votes out of 51,000. A number of the counties in it, are nearly unanimously democratic.

AMUSE.—In the hurry of business consequent upon the absence of the Editor, we neglected to say that we were indebted to the State Journal for proceedings of the Legislature, from which we make up our summary.

IF Mr. J. O. Fredericks proposes to give an entertainment in Shakspearean Readings, at the Universalist Church on Saturday evening, Mr. F. comes well recommended by the Press throughout the country and we hope he will receive a liberal patronage.

Among the distinguished arrivals in our city yesterday, were Messrs. Baird and Edwards, our Representatives in the State Legislature. Apparently in fine health and spirits. They returned to the capital city, on the 1.55 train this morning.

The attention of the street Commissioner is particularly called to the condition of the gutter at the corner of Wabash and 4th streets. The gutter on 4th is "wide and deep" and full of Water. Ladies yesterday were compelled to go around or wade. There should be a foot bridge placed there at once.

Fireman's Ball.

The Grand Ball to be given by the Northern Liberty Fire Company No. 3, of this city, at Carr's Hall, on Tuesday night next, promises to be one of the finest that has ever been given in this city.

The Relief Company No. 1 of Indianapolis will be the guests of the Northern Liberties on that occasion, and will be received by the 3's in full uniform at 3 1/2 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday. 'Tis hoped all the Members will turn out.

HOGS—Nov. 24.—There is no positive change in the hog market at this place, though the feeling is rather in favor of holders. \$6 can be obtained for very heavy hogs. Wealth or still moderating.

Nov. 25.—Notwithstanding this is Thanksgiving day, hogs continue to arrive and sales were made this morning, of heavy hogs, at \$6. Buyers are particularly careful, as to the weight and quality of hogs, and feel, rather to doubt the propriety of such high prices. Weather partially clear. Mercury 42°.

In Cincinnati, the arrivals of hogs have been 102,000 against 40,000 up to this time last season.

IF Brown has found a word misspelt, in the local column of the Express, and goes into ecstasies over it. Now we won't, like Brown, throw the responsibility on the Foreman, the Pressman or the Editor. But take it for granted that we committed the error, ourself. We can't boast of having attained perfection, as the braggart of the Union, who says no error has ever been pointed out in that paper. We can't make half the professions Brown does. We expect to make a great many mistakes of that kind, but we know the readers of the Express have sense enough to overlook them. When were Mr. Lowell's bones issued?

AT the Theatre this evening will commence the engagement of the great pantomimists and mulo dramatic actors Messrs. Coney and Warwick. The chief attraction of the evening will consist of the grand historical drama entitled "The Forest of Boudoy or The Dog of Montgis." The incidents of the piece we have no space to dwell on. Suffice it to say that they are calculated in a great degree to display the extraordinary sagacity and intelligence of the wonderful dog Bruce, whose performances in this and the whole round of Messrs. Coney and Warwick's pieces have elicited the most unbounded admiration in all the principal cities in the Union. The performance will conclude with the laughable afterpiece called The Ostrang Outang, in which Messrs. Coney and Warwick appear. Mr. Cony as the Ostrang has no living equal, and in the course of the piece will introduce a number of most astounding feats never before attempted in his peculiar line.

From the numerous commendations with which these gentlemen come to us from our brethren of the press in all the cities they have visited, we have no hesitation in recommending that their efforts may be rewarded by a liberal and encouraging patronage.

MRS. CARRIE D. FIKKINS BUSH—best known as Carrie D. Fikkins, the Edith of the "OLIVE BRANCH" is in the city, and will address the citizens, at the 4th street School House, this evening. If the streets are suitable for ladies to attend; of which, intimation will be given by the ringing of the bell.

Buckingham has "Harper" for December, and as this is the beginning of a new volume, it is a most fitting time to commence buying it. Buckingham has it always early. Go get it.

Shouldn't Wonder.—A correspondent of a Cincinnati paper, says two ladies at a Kentucky Fair, dress so much lower than the standard, that all the infants present stretched out their arms and cried after them!

The marriage between Jonathan and Miss Great Britain, which was so brilliantly celebrated a few weeks ago, is evidently a very happy one. At all events no words have passed between them since the bridal day.

"Now you are on my side, I hope you will stick to me," as the patient said to the strengthening plaster.

Quick Doctor, A. V.

Ms. Editor: Are you aware that the sweet and sprightly genius, which has contributed so much to give brilliancy to your columns, and delight to the readers of the Express, for many weeks past, is about to become a genius defunct, or an abstract annihilation? Do you know that Quick Doctor A. V. has swept from the galaxy, your dazling luminary—your piquant, and charming correspondent "Star"?

O potent A. V. of the Unions! What have you done? Was there no mercy in your bow of compassion? How did it happen that the great Emile worked so powerfully upon your digests? Had you not better take an antidote?

Certainly, it was very cruel in "Star" to recommend old Atlantic, as a great bowl of emile, enough for family use, without the aid of Quick Doctor. It is very true the great emile, mentioned by "Star," had reference only to the fact of sea sickness, which most persons experience when crossing the Atlantic. But, as a reason why the curious brain of A. V. should not deal out the Atlantic as a large reservoir of emile, for generative to come.

Then, the horrible vanity of "Star," in supposing that her Novel might be, "read and carried." Certainly, a very pretty play upon words, by "Star," and an excusable indulgence of the imagination of an imaginative person, intended for the reading of congenial and appreciating spirits.

But, that is no reason why Quick Doctor A. V. should not assume the literal Anglo-Saxon. Particularly when a cultivated intellect might be necessary for any other construction, in relation to the ideal, and spirit of your charming correspondent "Star."

But enough. It is to be hoped that the general reading of "Star," may not have extended to, or embraced, the columns of the "Unions"—and that no one has been cruel enough, to exhibit A. V. to the eyes of "Star."

We hope still, that "Star" may grace your columns. We admire and love, the real, as well as the ideal, emanating from that graceful and sprightly soul. Quail not, lovely "Star"—but let us have your effulgence, on and on; from week to week, and day to day.

ANTI-QUACK.

Hon. Jeff Davis.—This gentleman has returned home, and has made a speech in which he denies having said any thing during his recent trip north, inconsistent with his well-known states right and secession principles. He gave it as his opinion, that the Republicans would have a majority in the next Congress, that they would manage to get the election of the next President into the House of Representatives, and would elect one of their kind of men.

In such an event the honorable gentleman had but one course to recommend, to-wit: for Mississippi to declare her independence and immediately withdraw from the Union.

He advised the people to go home and to convert their old muskets into Minnie rifles, to prepare powder and shot, erect fortifications, and make all needful preparations for any emergency.

We wonder what the honorable gentleman will take to "do it."

FIRST CLASS.—The Merchants' Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., and the North American Fire Insurance Company of the same city, are both first class, and no mistake. They are represented in this city by a first class agent, Mr. James H. Turner, one of the popular proprietors of the large warehouse on the east bank of the canal, near the Railroad Depot.

His advertisement will be found in our paper by a careful inspection of its columns.

IF gentlemen wanting undershirts or drawers, will find a nice article for 75 cents, a pair, at the Buckeye Cash Store. Also, a large assortment of neckties and gentlemen's furnishings goods, in general. Call soon and secure an outfit at a small expense.

HOGS.—The hog market continues unchanged, though the feeling is rather in favor of the buyers. The Messrs. Barry have slaughtered rising of 8,000 The Messrs. Padlock have packed 4,000. There is no probability of any advance in prices, and only heavy fat hogs will command \$6.

"Ma, I am going to make some soft soap for the Fair this Fall!" said a beautiful Miss of sixteen to her mother the other day.

"What put that notion into your head, Sally?"

"Why mother the premium is just what I have been wanting for a long while."

"What is it?"

"An 'Indiana Farmer,' I hope he will be a good looking one though!"

Knights Templar.

The Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the State of Indiana will hold their annual session at Masonic Hall, in New Albany, on Wednesday next, December first.

IF Joel R. Warner has been nominated by the Leconte Democrats of the Reading, Pa. District, for Congress, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of J. Quincy Jones. Gen. Wm. H. Rouse is the volunteer candidate of the Opposition. The election takes place on the 30th inst.

IF perhaps men are the most imitative animals in all the world of nature. Only one spoke like a man, but hundreds of thousands of men are daily talking like donkeys.

IF there is a place out West where the Scriptures are fulfilled in the letter, where it is said: "Let God be true but every man a liar!" a missionary is greatly needed.

The following are the standing committees of the House of Representatives, except that Mr. Baird is chairman of the committee on corporations instead of Davis who was nexted:

Elections.—Murray, Hamilton of B one, Harrison, Powers, Dubbins, Woot and Jordan.

Judiciary.—Colgrove, Blythe, Mellett, Turpin, Baird, Davis and Siles.

Ways and means.—Branham, Hunter, Smith of Perry, Shields, Wildman, Major and Austin.

Bank.—Mellett, Bowman, Scott, McLain, Robinson, and Smith of Miami.

Education.—Blythe, Mansfield, Boyd, Parks, Hamilton of Wayne, Dougherty and Major.

Organization of Courts.—Stanfield, Powers, Brotherton, Griffin, Dubbins, Cavins and Jordan.

State Prison.—Hunter, Carr, Motray, Shields, Ritter, Prosser and Fordyce.

School Lands.—Hamilton of Boone, Knowlton, Colgrove, Lawhead, Comstock, Sullivan and Jeffries.

Appropriations.—Boyd, Scott, Murray, Clark, Jeffries, Martin, Clayton, Eastman, Hancock, Lewis and Rowe.

Claims.—Wildman, Martin, Roxley, Collier, Black, Hartley and Cavins.

Trust Funds.—Smith of Miami, Rynearson, Martin, Boyd, Gifford, Kempf and Stanly.

Military Affairs.—Cloments, Whetzel, Nebeker of Vermillion, Hall of Grant, Claypool and Prosser.

Fees and Salaries.—Scott, Robinson, Powers, Hall of Rush, Dougherty, Turpin and Synder.

Sinking Fund.—Robinson, Branham, Colgrove, Edwards, Early, Bowman, and Hall of Rush.

Rights and Privileges.—Parks, Brotherton, Nebeker of Warren, Griffin, Nelson, Massey and Merrifield.

Roads.—Comstock, Powers, Hall of Grant, Davoll, Early, Sullivan and Urey.

Manufactures and Commerce.—Smith of Perry, Gregory, Duval, Thompson of Elkhart, Whitman, Knowlton and Duran.

County and Township Business.—Harrison, Parks, Miller, Cotton, Jones, New-ton and Keefer.

Agriculture.—Rynearson, Treadway, Davidson, Boxey, Wheeler Kelly and Talbot.

Benevolent Institutions.—Edwards, Baird, Branham, Hunter, Rynearson, Turpin and Smith of Perry.

Temperance.—Austin, Nebeker of Warren, Parrett, Dubbins, Shockey, Shull and Thompson of Elkhart.

Town of Indianapolis.—Cotton, Summers, Johnson, Clark, Davoll, Keefer and Waterman.

Alleges.—Nebeker of Warren, Hall of Grant, Wildman, Cavins, Sullivan, Carr and Thompson of Madison.

Enrolled Bills.—Brotherton, Gregory, Cotton, Griffin, Urey, Shull and Newton.

Engrossed Bills.—Jeffries, Ritter, Sherman, Siles, Gifford, Hartley and Sullivan.

Public Expenditures.—Turpin, Ritter, Fordyce, Mansfield, Sherman, Shields, and Rowe.

Corporations.—Davis, Harrison, Baird, Brotherton, Hamilton of Boone, Harvey, Lawhead, Powers.

Census.—Miller, Comstock, Davoll, Fordyce, Gifford, Harvey, and Thompson of Madison.

Our Relations with Mexico.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says:

The state of our relations with Mexico is such that our Executive Government must necessarily very soon take a positive attitude in regard to them. I have no doubt the policy of the Executive on the subject will be fully developed in the President's message to Congress at the opening of the ensuing session. The policy of inactivity is, I am persuaded, to be abandoned. It may be a question how far the present Cabinet may be a unit in regard to measures now under consideration in relation to Mexico, but it is to be supposed from the past transactions of the Administration, that they will present a firm and united front in regard to foreign as well as domestic questions.

Convict Escaped.

At the late term of the Monroe Circuit Court, two men, named Morgan and Rogers, were convicted of causing the death of Edward Bingham, about eighteen months since, Morgan being sentenced to two years imprisonment in the State Prison and Rogers to six years. They belonged to the gang called "Regulars." Mr. Rogers, the Sheriff of Monroe county, arrived here with the convicted men last evening, on their way to Jeffersonville. After getting out of the cars, it being dark, Rogers slipped away from the Sheriff, and made his escape. Morgan could have escaped, but declined to leave. We believe the Sheriff made little or no effort to recapture his prisoner. —*N. Y. Ledger.*

Fire at South Bend.

On Saturday night last a destructive fire occurred at South Bend, originating in a machine shop near the St. Joseph River. Property to the amount of \$15,000 or \$20,000 was destroyed. Thomas J. S. Antfield, Esq., Representative from St. Joseph, and John H. Harp, Esq., late Republican candidate for Treasurer of State, are heavy losers by the catastrophe. We regret this serious loss to Messrs. Harper and Stanfield, and had hope the hope that fortune may so smile on them for the future as to speedily reimburse them for that which was so suddenly and unexpectedly taken from them.

Practical Joking.

A few days since, writes an attorney, last visiting with brother D—, in his office in Court Square, a client came in and said:

Squire D—, W—, the stabler shaved me dextrally yesterday and I want to come up with him.

"State your case," said D.

"I asked him how much he'd charge me for a horse to go to Denham. He said a dollar and a half. I took the team, and when I came back he said he wanted another dollar and a half for coming back, and made mopey it."

D—gave him some legal advice, which he immediately acted upon. He went to the stabler and said:

"How much will you charge me for a horse and wagon to go to Salem?"

Stabler replied, "Five dollars."

"Harness him up."

Client went to Salem, came back by railroad, and went to the stabler, saying, "Here's your money," paying him five dollars.

"Where's my horse and wagon?" says W.

"He's at Salem," says the client, "I only hired him to go to Salem."

Cumtux Railroad Invention.

Chas. Weed, of Millidgeville, Ill., has invented a method of raising water at the railroad stations by the weight of the locomotive acting on a yielding portion of the track: A deflection of half an inch in the rails operates mechanism which pumps up the required quantity for supplying the engine.

THE following definition of an "old whig," ascribed to the Hon. Edward Bates of Missouri, will be recognized as an accurate one in some localities, far removed from Missouri:

"An old line whig is a man who takes his liquor regularly, and votes the democratic ticket occasionally."

"Julius, was you ever in business?"

"In course I was."

"What business?"

"A sugar planter."

"When was dat?"

"Der, day I barried dat old sweet heart of mine."

They have got a county Judge in Texas who is said to hate the "hards." How can such an old-fashioned Judge be expected to administer even-handed justice?—*Prentice.*

THE Madison Courier very sensibly suggests that less newspapers from Indianapolis and move from the provincial cities and the out counties, ought to be subscribed for by the Legislature. The editor thinks that the members need to be instructed better of the state of feeling through the State.